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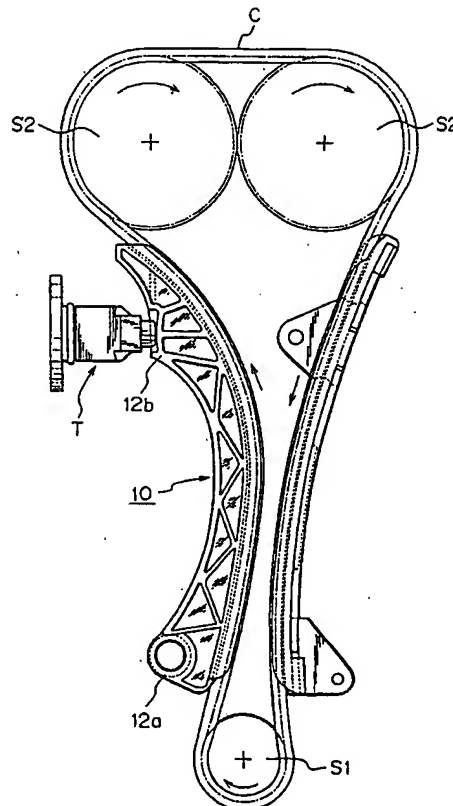
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(54) Sandwich-molded guide for transmission device

(57) A guide (10) for a transmission device such as a chain (C) or belt, is injection molded using a sandwich-molding process. The process avoids the need for a complex mold and complex manufacturing steps. The guide (10) exhibits enhanced mechanical strength and excellent sliding contact properties and wear resistance in a compatible manner, and is also light in weight and has excellent durability. The sandwich-molded guide (10) comprises a slide rail (11) on which a chain (C) or belt slides, and a rail supporting member (12) integrally provided along with the slide rail (11). The slide rail (11) is composed of a material the principal component of which is a first polymeric material having wear resistance and heat resistance, and the rail supporting member (12) is composed of a material the principal component of which is a second polymeric material having higher strength than the material having the first polymeric material as its principal component. The slide rail (11) and the rail supporting member (12) are intimately joined to each other by injection molding using the sandwich molding process.

FIG. 1



Description

[0001] This invention relates to a guide, composed of plastics, for a mechanical power transmission device such as a chain or a belt, in a motor vehicle engine or the like.

[0002] In motor vehicle engines, mechanical power is transmitted, for example from a crankshaft to a camshaft, by a power transmission medium such as an endless chain or a belt. A chain travels in a circulating path around a driving sprocket and a driven sprocket. A belt travels in a circulating path around a driving pulley and a driven pulley. The invention relates more specifically to a guide, composed of plastics material, for a power transmission device. The guide in accordance with the invention may be used as a fixed guide, or as a movable guide, to guide and/or regulate tension in, a power transmission medium such as a chain, belt or the like, which travels over the guide, while in sliding contact with the guide.

[0003] In general, in a motor vehicle engine, or other machine which utilizes a chain, a belt, or the like as a power transmission medium, a fixed or movable guide over which the transmission medium slides, is attached, by a mounting bolt, a pin, or a similar fastener, to an engine block, or to another frame member.

[0004] A movable guide, such as a tensioner lever or the like used in such a transmission device, imparts appropriate tension to a power transmission medium in order to prevent transmission failure due to excess stretching, or excess loosening of the circulating power transmission medium. A fixed guide, such as a guide rail or the like, limits the power transmission medium to a predetermined path of travel in order to prevent the power transmission medium from producing vibration noise, and to prevent sideward vibration, and disengagement.

[0005] A conventional movable guide, such as the chain tensioner guide 100 depicted in FIG. 10, is typically molded from a single synthetic resin. The guide 100 comprises a slide rail 101, which is in sliding contact with a traveling, power-transmitting chain C, and a rail supporting member 102 extending longitudinally along the back side of the slide rail. Referring to FIGs. 10 and 11, the rail supporting member 102 includes a boss 102a, having a mounting hole 103, allowing the rail supporting member to be attached to an engine block or the like so that it can function as a movable guide. A tensioner (not shown) abuts a tensioner abutting portion 102b of the rail supporting member 102 in order to apply the appropriate tension to the chain, thereby preventing excessive stretching, or excessive loosening, of the chain, either of which could result in transmission failure. Ribs 102c serve to reinforce the guide while minimizing its weight.

[0006] In the conventional guide 100, which is integrally molded from a single synthetic resin, the maintenance of good sliding contact and wear resistance in the

slide rail 101 is incompatible with the achievement of adequate strength in the supporting member 102, especially in the environment of a motor vehicle engine, where temperatures around 200 °C may be encountered. When the guide 100 for the transmission device is molded from a plastics material having superior sliding contact properties and wear resistance, other desirable mechanical properties of the guide 100, such as strength, are sacrificed. Furthermore, when the cross-section of the guide is increased to compensate for its inadequate strength, the larger size of the guide requires more space, and makes installation of the guide onto an engine block wall more difficult.

[0007] To solve the above-mentioned problems a slide, proposed in Japanese Patent No. 2818795, includes a supporting member consisting of a high strength synthetic resin and a slide liner consisting of a synthetic resin having good wear resistance connected to the supporting member. Either the supporting member or the sliding lining body was used as a mold, and the other was injection molded. As an alternative, a chain tensioner described in Japanese laid-open Patent Publication No. Hei. 8-254253, was insertion-molded using a steel sheet as a core. In Japanese laid-open Patent Publication No. Hei. 9-324839, a guide rail was proposed in which a slide path liner was fitted to a carrier by a friction locking system.

[0008] To produce the slide disclosed in Japanese Patent No. 2818795, where either the supporting member or the slide lining body was used as a mold, and the other was injection molded, two molding steps were required. Moreover, to integrate both synthetic resin elements, it was necessary to form a dovetail groove by molding. Consequently, the mold structure became complex and manufacturing cost was increased.

[0009] In the chain tensioner disclosed in Japanese laid-open Patent Publication No. Hei. 8-254253, deformation could be generated in the guide itself as a result of the difference between the coefficients of expansion of the steel core material and the plastics material, resulting in breakage. Moreover, because of the weight of the steel core material it was not possible to achieve a weight reduction.

[0010] In the guide rail disclosed Japanese laid-open Patent Publication No. Hei. 9-324839, where the slide path liner and the carrier were fitted together releasably by a friction locking system, the manufacturing steps were complex, the manufacturing cost was high, and the friction locking portion was subject to breakage.

[0011] Accordingly, in prior art tensioner guides, reliability and mechanical strength of the guide rails were not entirely satisfactory.

[0012] It is, accordingly, a general object of the invention to solve the above-mentioned problems encountered with conventional guides for power transmission devices such as chains and belts.

[0013] Another object of the invention is to provide a guide which can easily be injection-molded without us-

ing a complex mold and complex manufacturing steps, and which has not only enhanced mechanical strength but also good sliding contact properties and good wear resistance.

[0014] Still another object of the invention is to provide a molded guide for a transmission device, which is light in weight and which has enhanced durability.

[0015] It is also an object of the invention to provide a power transmission apparatus, incorporating a power transmission device such as an endless chain or belt, and an improved guide or tensioner lever having the above-mentioned combined properties.

[0016] The sandwich-molded guide in accordance with the invention comprises a slide rail on which a power transmission medium slides, and a rail supporting member integral with, and extending along the slide rail. The slide rail is composed of a material the principal component of which is a first polymeric material having wear resistance and heat resistance. The rail supporting member is composed of a material the principal component of which is a second polymeric material having higher strength than that of the material having said first polymeric material as its principal component. The slide rail and the rail supporting member are intimately joined to each other by injection molding using a sandwich molding process.

[0017] In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the second polymeric material, is a composite material containing an inorganic material. In another preferred embodiment, the second polymeric material, is a long fiber reinforced polymeric material. In another preferred embodiment, surface layer portions of the slide rail the rail supporting member are integrally coating-molded from the first polymeric material having wear resistance and heat resistance.

[0018] In a preferred embodiment, both the first polymeric material and the second polymeric material are nylon 66.

[0019] In still another preferred embodiment, the first polymeric material and said second polymeric material are nylon 6.

[0020] In still another preferred embodiment the first polymeric material is nylon 46 and the second polymeric material is nylon 66.

[0021] Finally, in still another preferred embodiment, the first and second polymeric materials are both aromatic nylon.

[0022] The sandwich-molding process of this invention is a process of manufacturing a molded product consisting of two kinds of polymeric materials, a so-called "two-layered" molded product, by injection-molding two kinds of molten polymeric materials into a mold, whose shape corresponds to the external shape of the product to be molded. The two polymeric materials are molded simultaneously or substantially simultaneously. A known injection-molding machine for sandwich molding can be used in the sandwich-molding process according to the invention. Although known injection-mold-

ing machines for sandwich molding include various sandwich nozzles, in the case of an injection-molding machine for sandwich molding including parallel type sandwich nozzles, the filling of the mold with two kinds of polymeric materials can be precisely controlled in accordance with the shape of the molded product by moving a torpedo (that is, a pour switching member for switching between a skin material and a core material) forward or backward in the parallel type sandwich nozzles.

[0023] The first and second polymeric materials, which are the principal component materials of the slide rail and the rail supporting member respectively, are not significantly limited except that the first should have good wear and heat resistance and the second should be stronger than the first. However, it is preferable that both polymeric materials be fused with each other at the boundary region where they come together, so that they are intimately joined, and that they have a chemical affinity and substantially the same shrinkage characteristics. More specifically, the first and second polymeric materials may include polyamide resin or the like selected from nylon 6, nylon 66, nylon 46 or aromatic nylon etc.

[0024] Further, if the material of the rail supporting member, the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, has higher strength than the material of the slide rail, the principal component of which is the first polymeric material, even if the second polymeric material is the same as the first polymeric material they can be used together. Especially in the case where the same polymer is used to form both the slide rail and the rail support, the strength of the rail support may be enhanced by dispersing long fiber-shaped inorganic elements, or a powdered inorganic compound or the like, in the polymer.

[0025] According to the invention, a material whose principal component is a first polymeric material having wear resistance and heat resistance is used as the material of the slide rail, and a second material whose principal component is a polymeric material having higher strength is used as the material of the rail supporting member. Both materials are integrally attached to each other by a sandwich molding process, so that the wear resistance and the heat resistance of the slide rail material and the high strength properties of the rail support material, complement each other. Both materials are integrally joined with each other in a completely fused state, resulting in high strength properties that could not be attained by a conventional mechanical connection.

[0026] Preferred embodiments of the invention will now be described in detail, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

[0027] FIG. 1 is an elevational view of a power transmission incorporating a guide in accordance with the invention, for the purpose of explaining modes of use of the invention;

[0028] FIG. 2(a) is a top plan view of a sandwich-

molded guide in accordance with a first embodiment of the invention;

[0029] FIG. 2(b) is a front elevational view thereof;

[0030] FIG. 2(c) is a bottom plan view thereof;

[0031] FIG. 3 is a cross-sectional view taken on surface A-A in FIG. 2(b);

[0032] FIG. 4 is a cross-sectional view taken on plane B-B in FIG. 2(b);

[0033] FIG. 5 is a cross-sectional view taken on surface C-C in FIG. 2(b);

[0034] FIG. 6(a) is a top plan view of a sandwich-molded guide in accordance with a second embodiment of the invention;

[0035] FIG. 5(b) is a front elevational view thereof;

[0036] FIG. 5(c) is a bottom plan view thereof;

[0037] FIG. 7 is a cross-sectional view taken on surface A-A in FIG. 6(b);

[0038] FIG. 8 is a cross-sectional view taken on plane B-B in FIG. 6;

[0039] FIG. 9 is a cross-sectional view taken on surface C-C in FIG. 6;

[0040] FIG. 10 is a front elevational view of a conventional movable guide;

[0041] FIG. 11 is a cross-sectional view taken on surface A-A in FIG. 10; and

[0042] FIG. 12 is a cross-sectional view taken on plane B-B in FIG. 10.

[0043] Preferred embodiments of the invention will be described below with reference to the drawings.

[0044] FIGs. 1 - 5 relate to a sandwich-molded guide 10 for a transmission device in accordance with a first embodiment of the invention.

[0045] As shown in FIG. 1, a sandwich-molded guide 10 for a transmission device, in accordance with this embodiment, is used inside a motor vehicle engine in which power is transmitted by an endless chain C, which travels in a circulating path around a driving sprocket S1 and a driven sprocket S2. More specifically, the sandwich-molded guide 10 is used as a movable guide, over which the chain C slides, and which controls tension in the chain.

[0046] As shown in FIG. 2(a) and 2(b), the sandwich-molded guide 10 comprises a slide rail 11 having a substantially arc-shaped contact surface on which the chain C (FIG. 1) slides. The guide comprises a rail supporting member 12, provided on and projecting vertically from the back of slide rail 11. The rail supporting member 12 extends longitudinally along the length of the slide rail 11, and projects from the rear of the slide rail in a direction perpendicular to the contact surface. The rail supporting member 12 includes a boss 12a having a mounting hole 13 for mounting the guide 10 on an engine block wall so that it can serve as a movable guide. The guide 10 also comprises a tensioner abutting portion 12b for engagement with a tensioner T (FIG. 1). The tensioner functions to prevent transmission failure due to excess stretching or excess loosening of the chain C, by applying appropriate tension to the chain. The tensioner also

includes reinforcing ribs 12c, which reinforce the tensioner while also reducing its weight.

[0047] As shown in FIGs. 3 - 5, the slide rail 11 is composed of a material the principal component of which is a first polymeric material having wear resistance and heat resistance. Any nylon from the group consisting of nylon 6, nylon 66, nylon 46, and all aromatic nylons, may be used as the first polymeric material, and the appropriate material may be selected depending on the environment in which it is to be used, especially the temperature to which the guide will be exposed within the engine in which the guide is to be installed.

[0048] On the other hand, the rail supporting member 12 is composed of a material the principal component of which is a second polymeric material. The second polymeric material comprises dispersed, long, fiber-shaped inorganic elements, or dispersed particulate inorganic material, in a polymer such as nylon 6, nylon 66 or the like. The mechanical strength of the rail supporting member 12 is enhanced compared with that of the slide rail body 11, by the inclusion of the dispersed inorganic fiber-shaped elements or particulate material.

[0049] The wear-resistant and heat-resistant material containing the first polymeric material, and the high-strength material containing the second polymeric material, are integrally joined with each other in a completely fused state by simultaneously injection-molding the slide rail 11 and the rail supporting member 12 by a sandwich molding process, using an injection-molding machine having parallel sandwich nozzles for sandwich molding. The slide rail 11 and the rail supporting member 12 are fused at the boundary region X (FIGs. 3 - 5) so that they are intimately joined to each other.

[0050] The sandwich-molded guide 10 thus obtained can be manufactured easily in a single mold, without using a conventional complex mold or a multi-step manufacturing process. Because the slide rail 11 and the rail supporting member 12 are integrally joined to each other in a complete fused state, the sandwich-molded guide 10 exhibits both higher mechanical strength and enhanced sliding contact properties and wear resistance, in a compatible manner. Moreover, because it is light in weight and has enhanced endurance, it is well adapted to serve as a movable guide. Accordingly, the sandwich-molded guide 10, when used with a tensioner inside a motor vehicle engine to control tension in a circulating chain, prevents power transmission failures resulting from excess stretching and excess loosening of the chain.

[0051] FIGs. 6 - 9 relate to a sandwich-molded guide 20 for a transmission device in accordance with a second embodiment of the invention.

[0052] As in the case of the sandwich-molded guide 10 of the first embodiment, the sandwich-molded guide 20 comprises a slide rail 21 having a substantially arc-shaped sliding contact surface on which a circulating chain C slides. The guide also comprises a rail supporting member 22, provided on and projecting vertically

from the back of slide rail 21. The rail supporting member 22 extends longitudinally along the length of the slide rail 21, and projects from the rear of the slide rail in a direction perpendicular to the contact surface. The rail supporting member 22 includes a boss 22a having a mounting hole 23 for mounting the guide 20 on an engine block wall so that it can serve as a movable guide. The guide 20 also comprises a tensioner abutting portion 22b for engagement with a tensioner (not shown). The tensioner functions to prevent transmission failure due to excess stretching or excess loosening of the chain C, by applying appropriate tension to the chain. The tensioner also includes reinforcing ribs 22c, which reinforce the tensioner while also reducing its weight.

[0053] The slide rail 21 is composed of a material the principal component of which is a first polymeric material having wear resistance and heat resistance as in the first embodiment. Any one of materials of nylon 6, nylon 66, nylon 46, and all aromatic nylons, may be used as the first polymeric material. On the other hand, the rail supporting member 22 is composed of a material the principal component of which is a second polymeric material. The second polymeric material is an enhanced polymeric material comprising dispersed, long, fiber-shaped, elements of inorganic material, or dispersed, particulate inorganic material in a polymer such as nylon 6, nylon 66 or the like.

[0054] The slide rail 21 and the rail supporting member 22 are molded by a sandwich molding process, in which they are intimately joined to each other. At the same time, the surface layers of the slide rail 21 and rail supporting member 22 are integrally coating-molded by the same wear-resistant and heat-resistant material of which the slide rail 21 is composed.

[0055] To sandwich-mold such a structure in a sandwich-molding injection molding machine, a material having, as its principal component, the wear-resistant and heat-resistant first polymeric material is first injected from a sandwich nozzle into a single mold having a hollow shaped so that it corresponds to the outer shape of the molded guide. The injected polymeric material forms the surface layer portion of the entire guide.

[0056] Then, as soon as the surface layer portion is formed, two kinds of molten polymeric materials are simultaneously injected to form the slide rail 21 and the rail supporting member 22. These polymeric materials consist of a material the principal component of which is the first, wear-resistant and heat-resistant polymeric material, and second material the principal component of which is a second polymeric material containing as reinforcement, dispersed, long, fiber-shaped elements of inorganic material, or dispersed particulate inorganic material.

[0057] In the sandwich-molded guide 20 thus obtained, the slide rail 21 and the rail supporting member 22 are joined more strongly to each other than the corresponding elements of the first embodiment. The improved strength of the joint between the slide rail 21 and

the rail supporting member 22 is achieved by coating-molding of their surface layers. Furthermore, since the surface layer portions of the boss 22a and mounting hole 23 on one end of the rail supporting member 22 are injection-molded by the material whose principal component is the wear-resistant and heat-resistant first polymeric material, the sandwich-molded guide 20 can function smoothly for a long period of time as a pivotally movable guide for applying appropriate tension in order to avoid excessive tension or loosening of a circulating chain.

[0058] As explained above, in the sandwich-molded guide for a transmission device according to the invention, the slide rail is composed of a material the principal component of which is a first polymeric material having good wear resistance and heat resistance, and the rail supporting member is composed of a material the principal component of which is a second polymeric material having enhanced strength. By integrally fusing the slide rail and the rail supporting member by a sandwich molding process, the sliding contact properties and wear resistance required for the slide rail on which the chain slides in a high temperature environment such as the inside of a motor vehicle engine are achieved. At the same time the high level of strength required for the rail supporting member is ensured over a long period of time. The sandwich molded construction enables these two objectives to be achieved in a compatible manner. The sandwich-molded guide for a transmission device according to the invention can be utilized as a movable guide, such as a tensioner lever, to apply appropriate tension to a belt, chain, or the like in a transmission device or similar mechanism. The sandwich molded guide can also be used as a fixed guide such as a guide rail, which guides and limits the traveling path of a belt, chain, or the like.

[0059] The sandwich-molded guide for a transmission device according to the invention is injection-molded in a single mold, using a sandwich-molding process. Thus, the molding of the slide rail, molding of the rail supporting member and joining of the slide rail to the rail supporting member can be carried out at the same time or substantially at the same time in a single step. Complex manufacturing steps and special molds are thus avoided, manufacture of the guide is simplified, and the manufacturing cost of the guide can be significantly reduced. Furthermore, since a core composed of a steel sheet or the like is not required, the weight of the guide can be reduced, and a reduction in the cost of fuel needed to operate an internal combustion engines can be achieved as a result.

[0060] By injection molding using a sandwich-molding process two kinds of polymeric materials can be injected simultaneously or substantially simultaneously, and the two kinds polymeric materials can be integrally joined to each other in a complete fused state. Accordingly, the wear resistance and heat resistance, of the first polymeric material and the high strength properties of the

second polymeric material can be achieved compatibly, and can complement each other in the guide. Moreover, the material the principal component of which is the first polymeric material, and the material the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, can be selected freely taking into account the relationships between wear resistance heat resistance, and high strength properties, depending on the temperature of the environment in which the guide will be used.

[0061] Obviously, various minor changes and modifications of the invention are possible in the light of the above teaching. It is therefore to be understood that within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced otherwise than as specifically described.

Claims

1. Sandwich-molded guide (10; 20) for guiding and maintaining tension in a power transmission medium (C) in a transmission device, the guide (10; 20) comprising a slide rail (11; 21) on which a power transmission medium (C) slides, and a rail supporting member (12; 22) integral with, and extending along the slide rail (11; 21), **characterized in that** the slide rail (11; 21) is composed of a material the principal component of which is a first polymeric material having wear resistance and heat resistance, the rail supporting member (12; 22) is composed of a material the principal component of which is a second polymeric material having higher strength than the material having the first polymeric material as its principal component, and the slide rail (11; 21) and the rail supporting member (12; 22) are intimately joined to each other by injection molding using a sandwich molding process.
2. Sandwich-molded guide according to claim 1, **characterized in that** the material the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, is a composite material containing an inorganic material.
3. Sandwich-molded guide according to claim 1 or 2, **characterized in that** the material the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, is a long fiber reinforced polymeric material.
4. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 3, **characterized in that** the surface layer portions of the slide rail (11; 21) and the rail supporting member (12; 22) are integrally coating-molded from the first polymeric material having wear resistance and heat resistance.
5. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 4, **characterized in that** the first polymeric material and the second polymeric material are nylon 66.
6. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 4, **characterized in that** the first polymeric material and the second polymeric material are nylon 66.
7. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 4, **characterized in that** the first polymeric material is nylon 46 and the second polymeric material is nylon 66.
8. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 4, **characterized in that** the first polymeric material and the second polymeric material are both aromatic nylon.
9. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 8, **characterized in that** the material the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, is a composite material containing an inorganic material, and wherein the surface layer portions of the slide rail (21) and the rail supporting member (22) are integrally coating-molded by the first polymeric material having wear resistance and heat resistance.
10. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 9, **characterized in that** the material the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, is a long fiber reinforced polymeric material, and wherein the surface layer portions of the slide rail (21) and the rail supporting member (22) are integrally coating-molded by the first polymeric material having wear resistance and heat resistance.
11. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 10, **characterized in that** the material the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, is a composite material containing an inorganic material, and wherein the first polymeric material and the second polymeric material are nylon 66.
12. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 11, **characterized in that** the material the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, is a long fiber reinforced polymeric material, and wherein the first polymeric material and the second polymeric material are nylon 66.
13. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 12, **characterized in that** the surface layer portions of the slide rail (21) and the rail supporting member (22) are integrally coating-molded by the first polymeric material having wear resistance and

heat resistance, and wherein the first polymeric material and the second polymeric material are nylon 66.

14. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 13, **characterized in that** the material the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, is a composite material containing an inorganic material, and wherein the first polymeric material and the second polymeric material are nylon 6. 5
15. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 14, **characterized in that** the material the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, is a long fiber reinforced polymeric material, and wherein the first polymeric material and the second polymeric material are nylon 6. 10
16. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 15, **characterized in that** the surface layer portions of the slide rail (21) and the rail supporting member (22) are integrally coating-molded by the first polymeric material having wear resistance and heat resistance, and wherein the first polymeric material and the second polymeric material are nylon 6. 20 25
17. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 16, **characterized in that** the material the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, is a composite material containing an inorganic material, and wherein the first polymeric material is nylon 46 and the second polymeric material is nylon 66. 30 35
18. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 17, **characterized in that** the material the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, is a long fiber reinforced polymeric material, and wherein the first polymeric material is nylon 46 and the second polymeric material is nylon 66. 40
19. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 18, **characterized in that** the surface layer portions of the slide rail (21) and the rail supporting member (22) are integrally coating-molded by the first polymeric material having wear resistance and heat resistance, and wherein the first polymeric material is nylon 46 and the second polymeric material is nylon 66. 45 50
20. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 19, **characterized in that** the material the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, is a composite material containing an inorganic material, and wherein the first polymeric material and the second polymeric material are both 55

aromatic nylon.

21. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 20, **characterized in that** the material the principal component of which is the second polymeric material, is a long fiber reinforced polymeric material, and wherein the first polymeric material and the second polymeric material are both aromatic nylon.
22. Sandwich-molded guide according to one of claims 1 to 21, **characterized in that** the surface layer portions of the slide rail (21) and the rail supporting member (22) are integrally coating-molded by the first polymeric material having wear resistance and heat resistance, and wherein the first polymeric material and the second polymeric material are both aromatic nylon.

FIG. 1

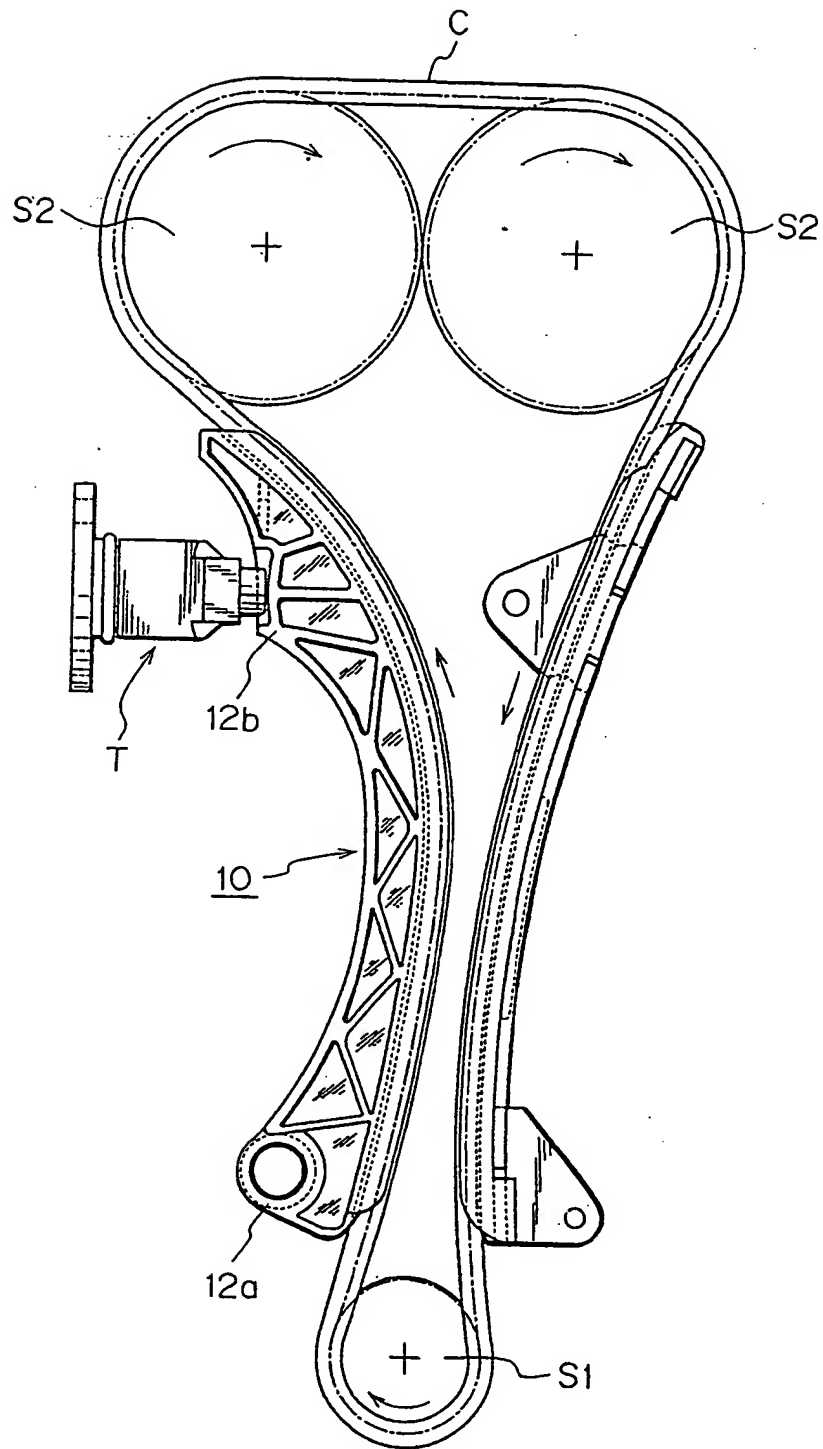


FIG. 2(a)

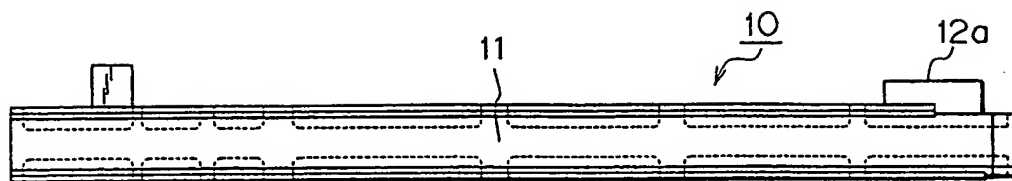


FIG. 2(b)

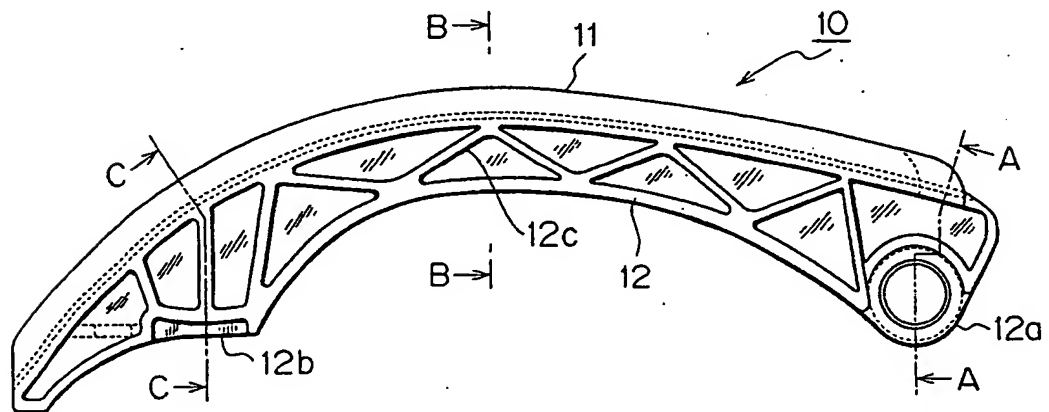


FIG. 2(c)

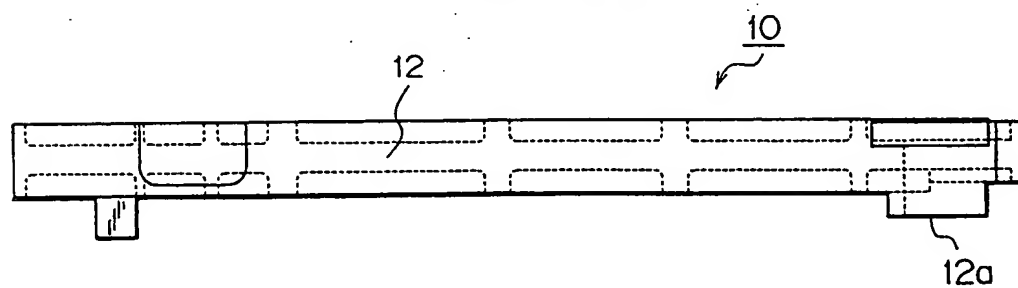


FIG. 3

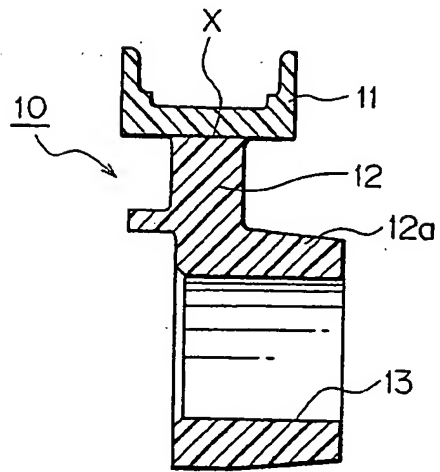


FIG. 4

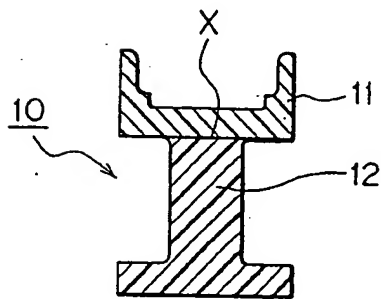


FIG. 5

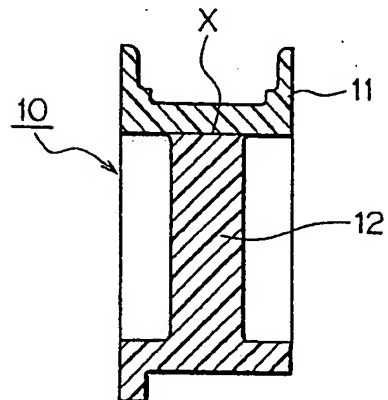


FIG. 6(a)

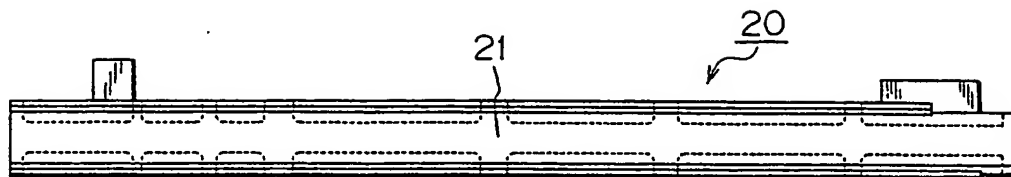


FIG. 6(b)

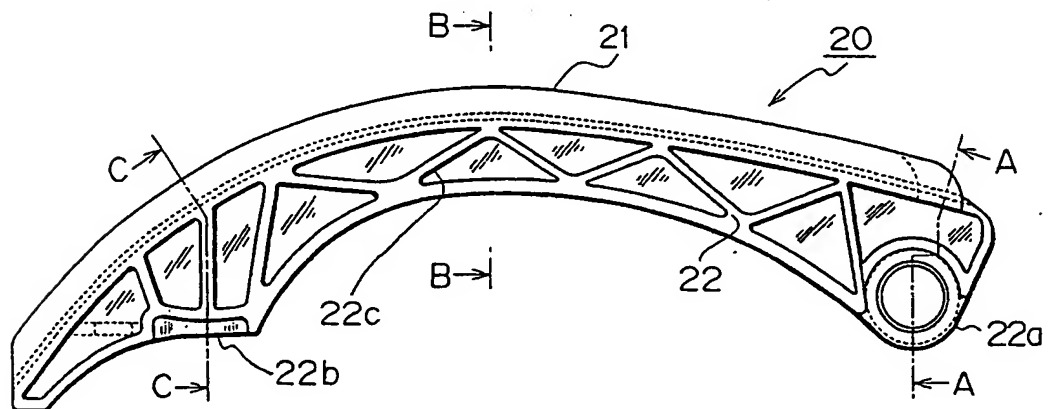


FIG. 6(c)

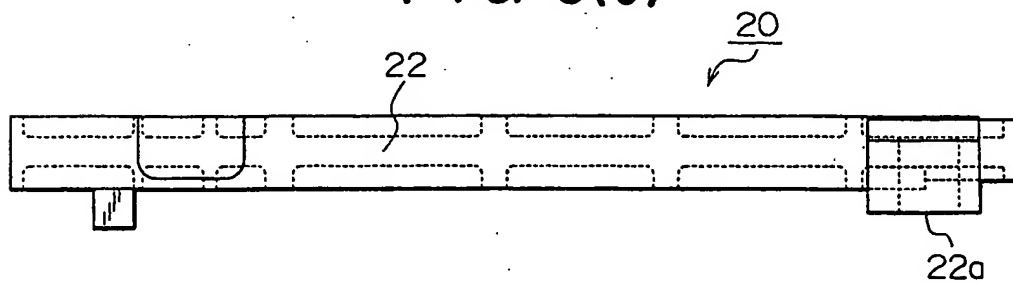


FIG. 7

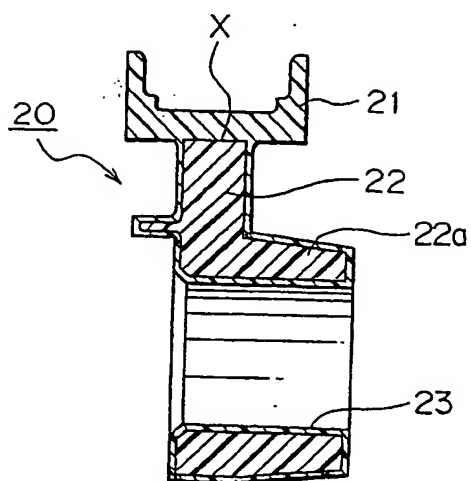


FIG. 8

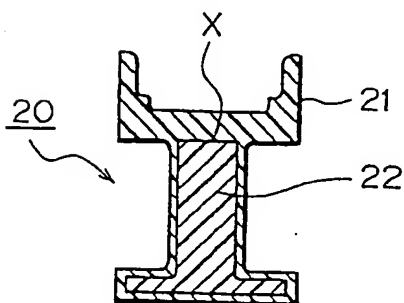


FIG. 9

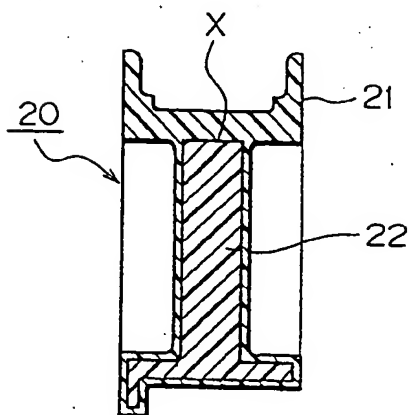


FIG. 10
PRIOR ART

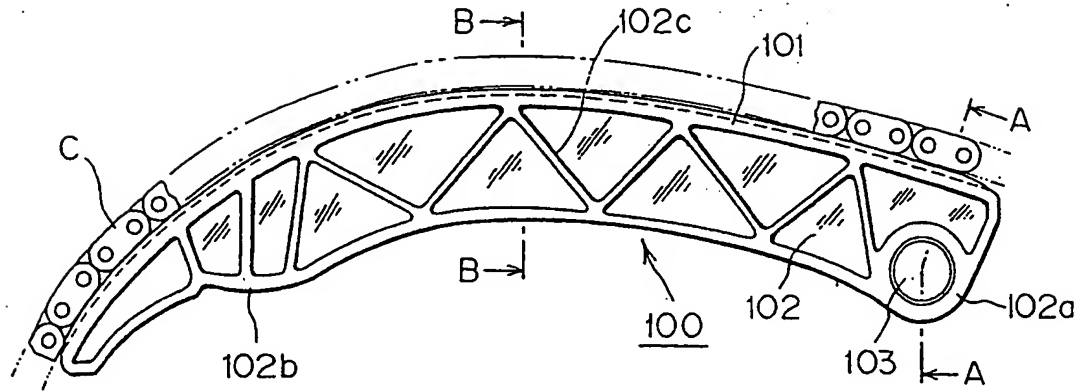


FIG. 11
PRIOR ART

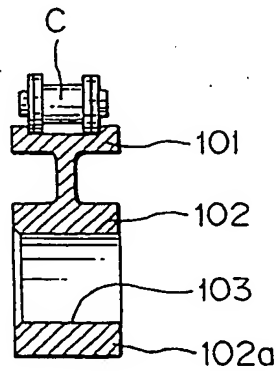
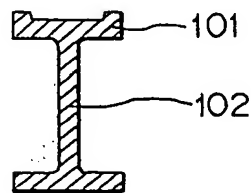


FIG. 12
PRIOR ART.





European Patent
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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 02 01 2962

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<p>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</p> <p>X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document</p> <p>T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document</p>			

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